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DATE MAILED: 08/25/2006

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/789,864	02/27/2004	John T. Sorensen	SAFTY-001BCG 1170		
7590 08/25/2006			EXAM	EXAMINER	
Robert D. Buyan SEREBOFF & BUYAN, LLP			TRAN, MY CHAU T		
Suite 770			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
2600 Michelson Drive Irvine, CA 92612		1639			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summany		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/789,864	SORENSEN ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
		MY-CHAU T. TRAN	1639				
- Period fo	- The MAILING DATE of this communication app r Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence addre	ess			
WHICI - Extens after S - If NO - Failure Any re	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' HEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this community period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period or to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute to ply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing d patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tirr will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	I. ely filed the mailing date of this comm O (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 S	eptember 2005.					
′=	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.						
· <u> </u>							
, —	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositio	on of Claims						
4)🖾	☑ Claim(s) <u>1-67</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) 🗌	Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)	Claim(s) is/are rejected.						
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)🖾 (8) Claim(s) 1-67 are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application	on Papers						
9)□ 1	The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
a)[12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
•	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
		·					
Attachment((s)	_					
	of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary					
	of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P		52)			
	No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	•				

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

- 1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:
 - Claims 1-17 and 67, drawn to an apparatus with the features of a housing and a lid, classified in class 72, subclass 1.58.
 - II. Claims 18-43, drawn to a system with the feature of a membrane module, classified in class 422, subclass 101.
 - III. Claims 44-50, drawn to a method for determining histamine in a sample, classified in class 436, subclass 135.
 - IV. Claims 51-55, drawn to a method for determining free fatty acids in sample, classified in class 436, subclass 166.
 - V. Claims 56-62, drawn to a method for determining lipid peroxides in sample, classified in class 436, subclass 66.
 - VI. Claims 63-67, drawn to a method for determining sulfite and/or bisulfite in sample, classified in class 436, subclass 119. It is noted that claim 66 is improperly dependent claim that depend on an unknown claim and in order to further prosecution it is interpret to depend on claim 63. Appropriate correction is required.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

2. Inventions of Group I and Group II are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs, modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case, the different

inventions are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs, i.e. the different apparatus have different structural features. For example, the apparatus of Group I requires the features of a housing and a lid. The apparatus of Group II requires the feature of a membrane module. These features have different means of operations and/or produced different results. As a result, the different inventions are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs, i.e. the different apparatus have different structural features, and the restriction between these groups is proper.

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3. Inventions of Groups III, IV, V, and VI are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs, modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case, the different inventions are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation and effects, i.e. using different steps, requiring different reagents and/or producing different results. For example, Group III requires the method step of determining H₂O₂ in the sample as an indicator of histamine. Group III requires the method step of determining the change in color of the xylenol orange or thymol blue to indicate free fatty acids. Group V requires the method step of determining the amount of modified hemoglobin derivative present as an indication of lipid peroxides in the sample. Group VI requires the method step of determining the change in color of the trivalent iron-xylenol orange complex as an indicator of sulfite and/or bisulfite in the sample. These steps require different reagents and/or producing different results. As a result, the different inventions are not disclosed as capable of use together

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and they have different modes of operation and effects, and the restriction between these groups is proper.

- 4. Inventions of Groups III-VI (processes) and Group I-II (apparatus) are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be practiced by another and materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process.

 (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process such as cell sorting or beads washing.
- 5. Because these inventions are independent or distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification and/or divergent subject matter. The different methods would require completely different searches in both the patent and non-patent databases, and there is no expectation that the searches would be coextensive. Therefore, this does create an undue search burden, and restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.
- 6. The examiner has required restriction between product (i.e. apparatus) and process claims. Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and the product claims are subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise require all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be considered for rejoinder. All claims

directed a nonelected process invention must require all the limitations of an allowable product claim for that process invention to be rejoined.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103 and 112. Until all claims to the elected product are found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained.

Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowable product claim will not be rejoined. See MPEP § 821.04(b). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution to require the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder. Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

7. Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include (i) an election of a species or invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention. Because the above restriction/election requirement is complex, a telephone call to applicants to request an oral election was not made. See MPEP § 812.01.

The election of an invention or species may be made with or without traverse. To reserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions or species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the inventions or species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

8. Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to My-Chau T. Tran whose telephone number is 571-272-0810. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday: 8:00-2:30; Tuesday-Thursday: 7:30-5:00; Friday: 8:00-3:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Peter Paras, Jr., can be reached on 571-272-4517. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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My-Chau T. Tran
Patent Examiner

August 18, 2006